

SECTION#

SECTION# returns a string containing the section with corresponding parameter values (and names) of two Telitab sets

Syntax

SECTION#(Telitab_1\$, UnfoldPar_1\$, Telitab_2\$, UnfoldPar_2\$, Mode%)

Arguments

- Telitab_1\$ is a string expression containing/returning the first Telitab set.
- UnfoldPar_1\$ is a name of parameter for which to unfold the first Telitab set, see also the [UNFOLD#\(\)](#) function.
- Telitab_2\$ is a string expression containing/returning the second Telitab set.
- UnfoldPar_2\$ is a name of parameter for which to unfold the second Telitab set.
- Mode% provides options how to return the result
- Mode% = 0 returns the section containing **only** the parameters present in both the sets of section cases.
- Mode% = 1 returns the section containing all parameters in both the section cases.

Examples

SECTION with Mode%=0

Before explaining the SECTION function, some words on unfolding a Telitab set for a particular parameter. Unfolding implies that the record(s) containing this parameter are moved to the top of the hierarchy.

So if Telitab_1\$ contains the dataset:

```
2
"MODELS"
{
0
-4 "1" "2" "3" "4"
"MODMATS" "wood" "foam" "wood" "plywood"
"LPP" 112.30 133.80 98.60 145.00
"B" 17.80 21.50 16.42 22.40
"T" 7.65 9.20 6.70 9.40
}
"PROJECTS"
{
1
"CLIENT$" "YardX"
}
```

To explain the data:

you have two objects, MODELS and PROJECTS presented as list values in Telitab_1\$ containing TeLiTabs themselves (with several parameters). LPP is part of the MODELS object ([TeLiTab](#)).

When you unfold Telitab_1\$ dataset on parameter "LPP", you get:

```
1
"PROJECTS"
{
1
"CLIENT$" "YardX"
}
0
-4 "1" "2" "3" "4"
"MODMATS" "wood" "foam" "wood" "plywood"
"LPP" 112.30 133.80 98.60 145.00
"B" 17.80 21.50 16.42 22.40
"T" 7.65 9.20 6.70 9.40
```

You see that PROJECT still is a separate object (and presented as a list value in Telitab_1\$). All other data (which was part of the MODELS object) now is part of Telitab_1\$ and thus a table in the [TeLiTab](#).

To unfold a Telitab set for a particular parameter implies that the record(s) containing this parameter are moved to the top of the hierarchy. If UnfoldPar\$ = "[NullString](#)", no unfolding is performed.

The section should be performed on two Telitabs, so,

Telitab_2\$ contains the dataset:

```
0
-4 "1" "2" "3" "4"
"MODNOS$" 5684 6231 6301 6537
"LPP" 112.30 162.70 133.80 118.50
"B" 17.80 27.80 21.50 16.70
"T" 7.65 11.20 9.20 6.80
```

and UnfolPar_2\$ contains "[NullString](#)", so no unfolding is performed

Now the actual section is created using the following syntax:
SECTION#(Telitab_1\$, "LPP", Telitab_2\$, "[NullString](#)", 0)

and it returns:

```
0
-3 "1" "2"
"LPP" 112.30 133.80
"B" 17.80 21.50
"T" 7.65 9.20
```

Please note that using Mode% = 0 means that the section is returned casewise (per row) and case parameters not present in both sets like "MODNO\$", "MODMAT\$" and the object "PROJECT" are not in the returned result.

SECTION with Mode% = 1

If these parameters should be also in the result, use Mode% = 1, so for the above argument values,

SECTION#(Telitab_1\$, "LPP", Telitab_2\$, "[NullString](#)", 1)

returns:

```
1
"PROJECTS"
{
  1
  "CLIENT$" "YardX"
}
-5 "1" "2"
"MODMAT$" "wood" "foam"
"LPP" 112.30 133.80
"B" 17.80 21.50
"T" 7.65 9.20
"MODNOS$" 5684 6301
```

The SECTION#() function with Mode% = 1 can be used as a special query function. The section of two Telitab sets produced by this function completes a set of data by combining data from two source sets in a single table (see also [UNION#\(\)](#)).

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